

St Edmundsbury Borough Council

Committee Procedure Rules

1. Terms of reference

- 1.1 The terms of reference of committees will be approved by the Cabinet or Council as appropriate.
- 1.2 Every committee will be able to propose changes to its own terms of reference for consideration by the Cabinet or Council.

2. Time and place of meetings

- 2.1 Committee and sub-committee meetings shall take place on the dates and at the times set out in the calendar of meetings approved by Council before the start of each civic year, except that:-

- a) the members of any committee or sub-committee may resolve to hold the meetings at a time that is different from that in the calendar but is the same for every meeting;
- b) the chairman, after appropriate consultation and before the publication of the agenda for any given meeting, may alter the date, time or place of any meeting if in his or her opinion it would assist the efficient conduct of the committee or sub-committee's business;

but in all cases regard will be had to the compatibility of the date, time or place proposed with the right of the public to attend.

- 2.2 An extraordinary meeting of a committee or sub-committee may be called by:-

- a) the chairman; or
- b) by any three members of the committee or sub-committee giving written notice to the Chief Executive specifying the business to be transacted.

- 2.3 A chairman may cancel a committee or sub-committee meeting if he or she considers that there is insufficient business to transact or that it would assist the efficient conduct of the committee or sub-committee's business.

3. Publication and distribution of agendas

- 3.1 Notice of the time and place of any meeting will be published in accordance with the Access to Information Procedure Rules.
- 3.2 At least five clear days before a meeting, the agenda will be published electronically and made available to the public and members.

- 3.3 The agenda will give the date, time and place of each meeting and specify the business to be transacted, and will be accompanied by such reports as are available.
- 3.4 The validity of a meeting will not be affected by a member being unable to access the agenda and reports.
- 3.4 Informal meetings or panels will not be covered by the rules in this section.

4. Quorum

- 4.1 The quorum of committees, sub-committees, working parties and panels shall not be less than three members, or one third of the total membership, whichever is the greater, and will be as determined by the Monitoring Officer, having regard to that principle.
- 4.2 No business will be dealt with unless the committee or sub-committee is quorate. Any items of business that cannot be dealt with because the meeting is or becomes inquorate shall stand adjourned for consideration at the next ordinary meeting of the committee or sub-committee unless:-
 - a) the chairman and Leader agree a date and time for the meeting to continue; or
 - b) an extraordinary meeting is called in accordance with rule 2.2 above; or
 - c) the remaining items of business are for information only and do not require a formal decision.

5. Attendance register

- 5.1 All Members present during the whole or part of a meeting will, before the conclusion of such meeting, sign their names on the Attendance Register provided.

6. Election of chairmen and vice-chairmen of committees and sub-committees

- 6.1 Except in the case of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee and the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee (whose Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen are appointed by the Council), every committee and every sub-committee will, as its first business as a newly appointed committee following each Annual Meeting of the Council, elect a Chairman and Vice-Chairman.
- 6.2 The members who were Chairman and Vice-chairman prior to the Annual Meeting will, if still in office and members of the relevant committee or sub-committee, remain in post until immediately prior to its first meeting after the Annual Meeting.

- 6.3 The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of every committee and sub-committee will be elected members of the Council.

7. Order of business

- 7.1 Unless changed in accordance with Rule 7.2 below the order of business at committee and sub-committee meetings will be:-
- (a) to elect a chairman or to choose a member to preside if the chairman and vice-chairman are not present;
 - (b) to deal with any business required by law to be dealt with first;
 - (c) declaration of substitutions;
 - (d) apologies for absence;
 - (e) to confirm as a correct record and sign available minutes from previous meetings;
 - (f) public speaking in accordance with Rule 11 below;
 - (g) to receive any petitions in accordance with the Council's Petition Scheme;
 - (h) to deal with any business remaining from the last meeting in accordance with Rules 4.2 and 16.11(c);
 - (i) to receive and consider any items arising from panels, working groups or sub-committees appointed by the committee;
 - (j) other business as set out on the agenda;
 - (k) agenda items requested by members in accordance with Rules 13 and 14 below (questions on notice and motions on notice);
 - (l) to consider the date and time of the next meeting and any proposals for future agenda items under Rule 12 below.
- 7.2 The order of business except for items (a) – (e) above may be changed:-
- (a) before or at a meeting, as the chairman sees fit; or
 - (b) by a resolution of the meeting passed on a motion under Rule 14 or Rule 15.1(c).

8. Chairing a meeting

- 8.1 Subject to paragraph 8.3, where the Chairman is not present the Vice-Chairman will, if present, chair the meeting.
- 8.2 If the Chairman and Vice-Chairman are not present at a meeting, the members present will choose one of their number to chair the meeting.
- 8.3 If, after the start of a meeting:-
- (a) the Chairman arrives, or
 - (b) a Vice-chairman arrives when the chairman is not present, he or she will take the chair of the meeting

after any item which is being discussed when he or she arrives has been dealt with.

9. Substitutes Powers and Duties

- 9.1 Once a substitute has been declared, he or she will have the ordinary status of a member present in his or her own right and will not be the delegate of the original member. He or she will not be able to exercise any special powers or duties exercisable by the person for whom he or she is substituting. Any disqualification of the original member to speak or vote, however, is not transferred to the substitute. Conversely, if a substitute member is disqualified to speak or vote on a particular item, he or she must declare it as if he or she were an original member.
- 9.2 If an original member arrives at a meeting at which a substitute has already been declared, the substitute will remain the member entitled to speak and vote. Once a substitution has been declared, the original member will not be entitled to attend the meeting, either as a member of the committee or sub-committee or 'by invitation' (*this is because if a substitution is declared it is on the pre-supposition that the original member has declared him or herself unable to attend the meeting*).
- 9.3 The procedure for the appointment of temporary substitutes will be in accordance with paragraph 4.1 of the Council Procedure Rules in Part 4 of this Constitution.

Substitution Rules

- 9.4 At the commencement of each meeting of a committee or sub-committee (or upon arrival, if arriving late) each member substituting for another member will declare the said substitution.
- 9.5 Once a substitute has been declared as present in place of a member for a meeting of that committee or sub-committee, that substitute will take the place of the member and will be able to speak and vote (subject to the declaration of any interests, as is usual practice).
- 9.6 Once a substitute has declared that he or she is substituting for another member, the original member will not be able to replace the substitute member during the course of the meeting. If the substitute member leaves the meeting during the course of the meeting, the original member will not be allowed to attend and vote in place of the substitute.
- 9.7 If, at the commencement of the meeting, the original member is present, then a substitution cannot take place.

- 9.8 Any original member of a committee may seek a substitute from any of those on the appointed list of substitutes for that committee or sub-committee, provided that they are from the same political group to maintain political balance.
- 9.9 No substitute member has the automatic right to substitute for another member who is not present; it is for the original member to select a substitute in accordance with paragraph 9.8 above.
- 9.10 Substitute members cannot be appointed to attend meetings for a member who ceases to no longer be a member of the Council (ie by way of resignation, disqualification or death in service).

10. Attending and speaking at committee and sub-committee meetings

- 10.1 Except as provided in Rules 10.2 – 10.5 below, a member of the Council shall not be entitled to speak or vote at a meeting of any committee or sub-committee unless he or she is a member of that committee or sub-committee.
- 10.2 Where a motion stands referred to a committee or sub-committee the mover and/or the seconder of the motion may attend the meeting which is to consider the motion and take part in any discussion about it, but cannot vote unless a member of the committee or sub-committee.
- 10.3 A member may be invited by the chairman to attend the meeting specifically to comment on an item of business or because the item of business affects his or her ward.
- 10.4 A member who is not a member of a committee or sub-committee but who wishes to speak at a meeting of that body will be permitted to do so if he or she has indicated in advance to the chairman that he or she wishes to speak on a particular agenda item.
- 10.5 The chairman may at his or her discretion allow non-members of the committee or sub-committee to speak in situations not falling within 10.2 – 10.4 above.

11. Public speaking

- 11.1 Members of the public who live or work in the Borough are welcome to speak at any open meeting of a committee or sub-committee. They may ask a question or make a statement on any item on the agenda for that meeting.
- 11.2 A person who wishes to speak must register at least fifteen minutes before the time the meeting is scheduled to start. This can be done online by sending the request to democratic.services@westsuffolk.gov.uk or telephoning 01284

757176/01638 719363 or in person by telling the committee administrator present at the meeting.

- 11.3 The Service Manager (Democratic Services) and Monitoring Officer in respect of any question notified before the meeting, or the chairman, in respect of any question notified at the meeting, may reject a question if it:-
- (a) is not about a matter for which the Council has a responsibility or which affects the Borough;
 - (b) is defamatory, frivolous or offensive;
 - (c) is substantially the same as a question which has been put at a meeting of the Council in the past six months; or
 - (d) requires the disclosure of confidential or exempt information.
- 11.4 There will be an overall time limit of 15 minutes for public speaking, which may be extended at the Chairman's discretion. Speakers will be called in the order in which they gave notice. Each person may ask one question or make one statement and will be allowed up to three minutes. If the question can be answered orally at the meeting it will be, and the question and answer will be summarised in the minutes. Questions that cannot be answered immediately will be answered in writing to the questioner, distributed to all members of the committee or sub-committee and published on the council's website. If a question is asked and answered within three minutes, the person who asked the question may ask a supplementary question that arises from the reply which may be answered orally or in writing as above.
- 11.5 These public speaking rules do not apply to meetings of the Development Control Committee, as the Committee has its own authority to determine from time to time, its own arrangements for public speaking on applications, and which matters are to be included within those arrangements (see Part 3 – Functions and Responsibilities; Section 2 – Responsibility for Council Functions; A - Development Control; paragraph 4.2 and as set out in the ['Guide to Having a Say on Planning Applications'](#)).
- 11.6 These public speaking rules do not apply to meetings of the Licensing and Regulatory Committee, when the Committee sits as a hearing, in which case the Hearing Procedure Rules will apply (see Part 3 – Functions and Responsibilities; Section 2 – Responsibility for Council Functions; B-Licensing; paragraph 4.1 and Appendix A).

12. Agenda items requested by members

- 12.1 Any member of a committee or sub-committee may propose under Rule 7.1(l) above an item to be considered at a future meeting of that committee or sub-committee. The member shall give notice of such items to the chairman and to the Service Manager (Democratic Services) and Monitoring Officer no later than noon seven working days before the date of the meeting (not including

the day of the meeting) together with a brief explanation of the item and its purpose, which will then be published on the agenda.

- 12.2 To be eligible for consideration, the item proposed must fall within the terms of reference or the delegated powers of the committee or sub-committee.
- 12.3 The member shall present his or her proposal to the committee or sub-committee and may be questioned on it before the committee or sub-committee resolves whether or not to refer the matter to a future meeting for report and consideration in the usual way.

Questions on notice

- 13.1 Subject to paragraph 13.5 below, a member may submit in writing to the Service Manager (Democratic Services) and Monitoring Officer a question on notice for:-
 - (a) the Chairman; or
 - (b) the Chairman of any sub-committeeon any matter in relation to which the committee or sub-committee has powers or duties.
- 13.2 A Member may ask only one question on notice under 13.1 at each meeting and:-
 - a) must submit it in writing to the Service Manager (Democratic Services) and Monitoring Officer no later than noon seven working days before the meeting, not counting the day of the meeting; or
 - b) if the question is urgent and the member has the consent of the member to whom the question is to be put, must submit it in writing to the Service Manager (Democratic Services) and Monitoring Officer by noon on the working day before the meeting.
- 13.3 Every question on notice will be answered without discussion. The member who is asked the question on notice may ask another member to answer. An answer may take the form of:-
 - (a) a direct oral answer summarised in the minutes;
 - (b) where the desired information is in a publication of the Council or other published work, a reference to that publication; or
 - (c) where the reply cannot conveniently be given orally at the meeting, a written answer sent by the appropriate officer and/or relevant member to all members within five working days of the meeting.
- 13.4 A member asking a question on notice under paragraph 13.1 may ask one supplementary question, without notice, of a member to whom the first question was asked. The supplementary question

must arise directly from the original question or the reply. The total time allowed for each question, including any supplementary question, to be put and answered will be ten minutes.

- 13.5 If the member who gave notice of the question is not present at the meeting, any other member may ask that question but if that does not occur the Chairman shall proceed to the next item of business. The question shall be deemed to have been withdrawn and may not be asked unless notice is given again in accordance with 13.1 above.

14. Motions which need written notice

- 14.1 Except for motions which can be moved without notice under rule 15, written notice of every motion must be delivered to the Service Manager (Democratic Services) and Monitoring Officer no later than noon seven working days before the meeting, not counting the day of the meeting. Motions must be about matters for which the committee or sub-committee has a responsibility.
- 14.2 Each member may put one motion on notice at each meeting.
- 14.3 All motions on notice received under 14.1 will be set out in the agenda in the order in which they have been received.
- 14.4 A member may withdraw a motion on notice at any time.
- 14.5 A motion on notice under 14.1 can be moved at the meeting by any member. If the motion on notice is not moved, it will be treated as withdrawn and may not be moved without another notice in accordance with 14.1 above.
- 14.6 Any motion on notice under paragraph 14.1 of these rules, on being moved and seconded, will usually, without discussion, be referred to a future meeting for report and consideration. The Chairman may, if he or she considers it appropriate, allow the motion to be dealt with at the meeting at which it is moved and seconded provided that the motion, if carried, would not involve the council in expenditure not included in the council's approved revenue or capital budget.

15. Motions and amendments which may be moved without notice

- 15.1 The following motions and amendments may be moved without notice:-
- (a) to appoint a Chairman of the meeting at which the motion is moved;
 - (b) in relation to the accuracy of the minutes;
 - (c) to change the order of business on the agenda;

- (d) to receive the reports or adopt the recommendations of any sub-committees, or reports and recommendations of officers, and any consequent resolutions;
- (e) to refer something to an appropriate body or individual;
- (f) to withdraw a motion;
- (g) to extend the time limit for speeches;
- (h) to suspend any of these rules for the whole or part of the meeting;
- (i) to amend a motion;
- (j) to proceed to the next business;
- (k) to vote on a motion;
- (l) to vote on an amendment;
- (m) to adjourn a debate;
- (n) to adjourn a meeting;
- (o) to exclude or readmit the public and press in accordance with the Access to Information Rules;
- (p) to direct that a member named under Rule 20.3 be not further heard or to exclude them from the meeting under Rule 20.4.

- 15.2 A motion by the Chairman under paragraph 15.1(o) of these Rules, to exclude the public for an item of business, will be dealt with before any other motion on that item and will be voted on without discussion.

16. Rules of debate

16.1 No discussion until motion or amendment seconded

A motion or amendment will not be discussed or recorded in the minutes unless it has been proposed and seconded.

16.2 Motion may need to be in writing

If the Chairman requires, the motion will be put in writing before it is further discussed.

16.3 Secunder's speech

When seconding a motion or an amendment, a member may reserve the right to speak at a later point in the debate.

16.4 Content and length of speeches

16.4.1 Speeches must be directed to the question under discussion or to a personal explanation or point of order.

16.4.2 No speech will be longer than five minutes, except as allowed by the committee or sub-committee following a motion moved and carried under rule 15.1(g), and will be about the matter under discussion.

16.4.3 The five minutes time limit will not apply to a member proposing a motion, or an amendment to a motion, who will be allowed to speak for no longer than ten minutes.

16.5 **When a member may speak again**

A member who has spoken on a motion may not speak again whilst it is the subject of debate, except:-

- (a) to speak once on an amendment moved by another member;
- (b) to move an amendment;
- (c) to move a further amendment (if the motion has been amended since he/she last spoke);
- (d) if his/her first speech was on an amendment moved by another member, to speak on the main issue (whether or not the amendment on which he/she spoke was carried);
- (e) in exercise of a right of reply in accordance with paragraph 16.9 of those Rules;
- (f) on a point of order in accordance with 16.12 below; and
- (g) by way of personal explanation in accordance with 16.13 below.

16.6 **Amendments to motions**

- (a) An amendment to a motion must be relevant to the motion and will either be:-

- (i) to refer the matter to an appropriate body, forum, or individual for consideration or reconsideration;
- (ii) to leave out words;
- (iii) to leave out words and insert or add others; or
- (iv) to insert or add words;

as long as the effect of (ii) to (iv) is not to cancel the effect of the motion.

- (b) Only one amendment may be moved and discussed at any one time. No further amendment may be moved until the amendment under consideration has been dealt with.
- (c) If an amendment is lost, other amendments to the original motion may be moved.
- (d) If an amendment is carried, the motion, as amended, will take the place of the original motion and will become the actual motion upon which any further amendment may be moved.
- (e) After an amendment has been carried, the Chairman will read out the amended motion before accepting any further amendments, or if there are none, before putting it to the vote.

16.7 **Alteration of motion**

A Member may, with the agreement of the Chairman, and without discussion:-

- (a) change a motion of which he/she has given notice under rule 13; or
- (b) with the agreement of his/her seconder, change a motion which he/she has moved;
- (c) but only alterations which could be made as an amendment in accordance with paragraph 16.6(a) of these Rules may be made.

16.8 Withdrawal of motion

- (a) A motion or an amendment may be withdrawn by the mover, but only with the consent of the seconder and the Chairman, which will be given without discussion.
- (b) No member may speak on the motion after the mover has asked for consent to withdraw it, unless consent is not given.

16.9 Right to reply

- (a) The mover of a motion has a right to reply at the end of the debate on the motion, immediately before it is put to the vote.
- (b) If an amendment is moved, the mover of the original motion also has the right of reply at the end of the debate on the amendment, but may not otherwise speak on it.
- (c) The mover of the amendment has no right of reply to the debate on his or her amendment.
- (d) A reply under this paragraph will be confined to matters raised in the debate on the motion or amendment.
- (e) After every reply to which this rule refers, a vote will be taken without further discussion.

16.10 Motions which may be moved during a debate

16.10.1 When a motion is being discussed, no other motion may be moved except the following (non-closure) motions:-

- (a) to withdraw a motion;
- (b) to amend a motion;
- (c) that the subject of debate:-
 - (i) be referred to the appropriate forum for consideration; or
 - (ii) be referred back to the appropriate forum for further consideration.
- (d) to exclude the public and press in accordance with the Access to Information Rules; and
- (e) that a member be not further heard in accordance with rule 20.3.1; and
- (f) by the Chairman, in accordance with rule 20.4.1, that a named member leave the meeting.

16.10.2 Any of the motions under paragraph 16.10.1 of these rules will not take away from the mover of the original motion the right to reply.

16.11 Closure motions which may be moved during a debate

- (a) A member may move, without comment, any of the following closure motions at the end of a speech of another member:-
 - (i) to move to the next business;
 - (ii) that the question be put;
 - (iii) to adjourn the debate; or
 - (iv) to adjourn the meeting.
- (b) If a motion "*to move to the next business*" or "*that the question be put*" is seconded and the Chairman thinks the item has been sufficiently discussed, he/she will put the closure motion to the vote. If it is passed, the Chairman will give the mover of the original motion a right of reply before putting that original motion to the vote.
- (c) If a motion "*to adjourn the debate*" or "*to adjourn the meeting*" is seconded and the Chairman thinks the item has not been sufficiently discussed and cannot reasonably be so discussed on that occasion, he/she will put the closure motion to the vote without giving the mover of the original motion the right of reply.

16.12 Point of order

- 16.12.1 A member may ask to make a point of order at any time and will have the right to be heard at once, but will stay silent until asked by the Chairman to speak.
- 16.12.2 A point of order will only be about a claimed breach of a provision of the committee procedure rules or of law; and the member will indicate the paragraph(s) or law and the way in which he/she considers it has been broken.
- 16.12.3 The ruling of the Chairman on the matter will be final and will not be open to discussion.

16.13 Personal explanation

- 16.13.1 A member may ask to give a personal explanation at any time and will have the right to be heard at once, but will stay silent until asked by the Chairman to speak.
- 16.13.2 A personal explanation will be confined to some material part of an earlier speech by the member which may appear to have been misunderstood in a later stage of the debate.
- 16.13.3 The ruling of the Chairman on the admissibility of a personal explanation will be final.

17. Approval and signing of minutes

- 17.1.1 The Chairman will sign the minutes of the proceedings, once they are confirmed as a correct record, at the next suitable meeting.

17.1.2 In this regard, the Chairman will seek a mover and seconder for the motion "*that the minutes of the meeting of the meeting held on be confirmed and signed as a correct record*".

17.1.3 There will be no discussion on the minutes, except by way of a motion upon their accuracy.

17.2 No requirement to sign minutes of previous meeting at extraordinary or special meeting

The minutes of the preceding meeting of the committee or sub-committee may be submitted to an extraordinary or special meeting of that body for approval if convenient and practicable to do so but otherwise will be submitted to the next ordinary meeting.

17.3 Content of minutes

Recommendations

17.3.1 Every decision of a committee which is not within its delegated authority will be indicated by the word "RECOMMENDED", and will require Council approval.

Decisions

17.3.2 Every decision of a committee which is within its delegated authority will be indicated by the word "RESOLVED".

17.3.3 The recommendations of a meeting of a sub-committee will be sent to the next convenient meeting of the parent committee.

18. Voting

18.1 Simple majority

Unless this constitution provides otherwise, any matter will be decided by a simple majority of those members voting and present at the time the question was put.

18.2 Chairman's casting vote

18.2.1 If there are equal numbers of votes for and against, the Chairman may exercise a second or casting vote. There will be no restriction on how the Chairman chooses to exercise a casting vote.

18.2.2 In the case of the Chairman refraining from exercising a second vote the motion or amendment being voted on will not be carried.

18.3 Show of hands

Unless a recorded vote is demanded under paragraph 18.4 of the Rules, the Chairman will take the vote by show of hands, or if there is no dissent, by the affirmation of the meeting.

18.4 Recorded vote

18.4.1 If, before a vote is taken, a member asks that the voting be recorded and the request is supported by five other members (who will show their support by standing up):-

- (a) the officer advising the Chairman at the meeting will call the name of each member present at the meeting;
- (b) the member will say whether he or she is for or against the motion or is abstaining; and
- (c) each member's response will be recorded in the minutes.

18.4.2 There will also be a recorded vote when required by law.

18.5 Right to require individual vote to be recorded

Where any member so requires, immediately after a vote has been taken on any matter, the minutes must record whether that member voted for or against or abstained.

18.6 Voting on appointments

18.6.1 If there are more than two people nominated for any position to be filled and there is not an overall majority of votes in favour of one person, then the name of the person (or persons) with the fewest votes will be taken off the list and a new vote taken;

18.6.2 In the event that the removal of persons jointly having fewest of votes would result in only one candidate remaining, the above provision will not apply and the officer advising the chairman at the meeting will draw lots to determine which of the candidates with fewest votes will proceed to the next round;

18.6.3 Where more than one position is contested (for example, there are to be two vice-chairmen of a committee) each position will be voted on separately; and

18.6.4 In the event of there being an equality of votes for the final two candidates, lots will be drawn by the officer advising the Chairman at the meeting to decide which person is elected.

19. Exclusion of public

19.1 If a matter may fall within the list of exempt or confidential information set out in Section 100(A)(4) of the Local Government Act 1972, the matter will not be discussed until the meeting has decided whether the public should be excluded from the meeting.

- 19.2 Members of the public may only be excluded either in accordance with the Access to Information Rules in Part 4 of this constitution or rule 21 (Disturbance by Public).

20. Members' conduct

20.1 One member to speak at a time

- (a) When speaking, a member will sit at his/her place and address the Chairman. If two or more members indicate to speak at the same time, the Chairman will call on one to speak; and
- (b) While a member is speaking, all other members will remain silent unless asking to make a point of order or of personal explanation.

20.2 Respect for the chair

Whenever the Chairman rises during a debate the member then speaking will stop speaking and the meeting will be silent.

20.3 Member not to be heard further

- 20.3.1 If, at a meeting, any member, in the opinion of the Chairman, repeatedly ignores the Chairman's ruling or behaves irregularly, improperly or offensively, or wilfully obstructs the business of the meeting, the Chairman or any other member may move "*That the member named be not further heard*" and the motion, if seconded, will be voted on without discussion.

20.4 Continuing misconduct of a named member

- 20.4.1 If the member named continues to behave improperly after a motion in accordance with paragraph 20.3 is carried, the Chairman will move a motion that either:-

- (a) the meeting be adjourned for however long the Chairman states; or
- (b) the member named leave the meeting.

If seconded, the motion will be voted on without discussion.

- 20.4.2 If, after a motion under paragraph 20.4.1 of these Rules has been carried, the member named does not leave the meeting, the Chairman may order the removal of the member and may adjourn the meeting without debate or resolution to enable removal to take place.

20.5 General disturbance

In the event of general disturbance among the members which, in the opinion of the Chairman, makes it impossible to carry on the meeting, the Chairman may move a motion which will be voted on without seconding or discussion, to adjourn the meeting for however long the Chairman states.

20.6 Interpretation of rules - ruling of Chairman not to be challenged

The decision of the Chairman about the meaning or use of any of these rules, or about any proceedings of the committee or sub-committee, is final and may not be challenged.

20.7 Interests of members in matters under discussion

Members must observe the rules in the Members' Code of Conduct in Part 5 of this constitution. Any member declaring a disclosable pecuniary interest must leave the room where the meeting is being held for as long as the matter is being considered.

21. Disturbance by public

21.1 Removal of member of the public

If a member of the public interrupts the proceedings of any meeting, the Chairman will warn the person concerned not to interrupt. If the interruption is repeated, the Chairman will order the removal of that person from the meeting room. The Chairman may without debate or resolution adjourn the meeting to allow removal to take place.

21.2 Clearance of part of meeting room

In the case of general disturbance in any part of the meeting room open to the public the Chairman will give a warning and if the disturbance continues will order that part to be cleared, but may identify persons who may remain. The Chairman may without debate or resolution adjourn the meeting to allow clearance to take place.

21.3 No re-admittance for those removed

In the case of paragraphs 21.1 and 21.2 above, any member of the public removed from a meeting following a disturbance will not be re-admitted during the remainder of that meeting.

22. Suspension and amendment of committee procedure rules

22.1 Suspension

All of these Committee Procedure Rules except Rule 18.4 (recorded vote) may be suspended by motion on notice (in accordance with Rule 14.1) or without notice under if at least one half of the whole number of members of the committee or sub-committee are present. Suspension can only be for the whole or part of the meeting at which they are suspended.

22.2 Amendment

Any motion to add to, vary or revoke these Rules will, when proposed and seconded, stand adjourned without discussion to the next ordinary meeting of the committee or sub-committee with a report and recommendation from the appropriate forum/officer.